

Operator & Service Manual

Cardiac Science Powerheart® G3 Elite
Automated External Defibrillator



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Patents

U.S. and foreign patents pending.

See www.cardiacscience.com/patents for a complete list.



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Product Information and Safety

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Before Operating the Powerheart® G3 AED:

- ◆ Become familiar with the various safety alerts listed in this section.
- ◆ Safety alerts identify potential hazards using symbols and words to explain what could potentially harm you, the patient or the Powerheart® G3 AED.

Contact information

Inside the United States:

To order additional Powerheart® G3 AEDs or accessories, contact Cardiac Science Customer Care:

- ◆ Toll Free (USA): 1.800.426.0337 (option 2)
- ◆ Telephone: +1.262.953.3500 (option 2)
- ◆ Fax: +1.262.953.3499
- ◆ Email: care@cardiacscience.com

Cardiac Science provides 24-hour telephone technical support.

You can also contact Technical Support through fax or email.

There is no charge to the customer for a technical support call.

Please have the serial and model numbers available when contacting Technical Support. (The serial and model numbers are located on the underside of the AED.)

- ◆ Toll Free (USA): 1.800.426.0337 (option 1)
- ◆ Telephone: +1.262.953.3500 (option 1)
- ◆ Fax: +1.262.798.5236
- ◆ Email: techsupport@cardiacscience.com
- ◆ Web site: www.cardiacscience.com

Outside the United States:

Contact your local Cardiac Science representative to order devices or accessories and to receive technical support for your AED products.

Product models

This guide is for Powerheart® G3 Elite Semi-Automatic model 9790E and Powerheart® G3 Elite Automatic 9790A AED models. They share a basic set of features and differences are noted throughout the manual.

Product references

For purposes of retaining simple, clear instructions in this manual, note the product references used. Features, specifications, operating instructions and maintenance common to product models will be referred to as:

“Powerheart® G3 AED”, “AED” or “device” refers to both Powerheart® G3 Elite Semi-Automatic model 9790E and Powerheart® G3 Elite Automatic model 9790A AEDs unless otherwise noted.

Warranty information

The Limited Warranty provided by Cardiac Science serves as the sole and exclusive warranty for the Powerheart® G3 AED and its accessories. To obtain a limited warranty statement, contact your local Cardiac Science representative or go to www.cardiacscience.com.

Safety terms and definitions

The symbols shown below identify potential hazard categories. The definition of each category is as follows:



DANGER

This alert identifies hazards that will cause serious personal injury or death.



WARNING

This alert identifies hazards that may cause serious personal injury or death.



Caution

This alert identifies hazards that may cause minor personal injury, product damage or property damage.

Safety alert descriptions

The following is a list of Powerheart® G3 AED safety alerts that appear in this section and throughout this manual.

Read and understand these safety alerts before operating the AED.



Caution: Read this Operator and Service Manual carefully.

It contains information about your safety and the safety of others. Become familiar with the controls and how to use the AED properly before operating the product.



DANGER! Fire and Explosion Hazard

This alert identifies hazards that may cause serious personal injury or death.

- In the presence of flammable gases
- In the presence of concentrated oxygen
- In a hyperbaric chamber



WARNING! Shock Hazard and Possible Equipment Damage

Defibrillation shock current flowing through unwanted pathways is potentially a serious electrical shock hazard. To avoid this hazard during defibrillation abide by all of the following:

- Do not use in standing water or rain. Move patient to dry area.
- Do not touch the patient, unless performance of CPR is indicated.
- Do not touch metal objects in contact with the patient.
- Keep defibrillation pads clear of other pads or metal parts in contact with patient.
- Disconnect all non-defibrillator proof equipment from the patient before defibrillation.



WARNING! Battery is Not Rechargeable

Do not attempt to recharge the battery. Any attempt to recharge the battery may result in an explosion or fire hazard.



WARNING! Do not reuse pads.

Used pads may not adhere properly to the patient. Improper pad adhesion may result in skin burns. Improper pad adhesion may result in improper AED performance. Used pads may cause patient-to-patient contamination.



WARNING! Reduced therapy delivery.

Failure to remove blue liner completely could impact therapy delivery.



Caution. Short-term use only. Not for pacing.

DO NOT open defibrillation pads package until ready to use.
Short term use only.

Pads are not intended for use in pacing.



Caution. Equipment Damage.

Do not pull on the lead wire to separate the pads from the blue liner.

Note: Store pads at room temperature.

Note: Pads are intended for adult use.



WARNING! Equipment not functioning.

If the AED stops functioning during a rescue, continue to perform CPR as needed until EMS personnel arrive.



WARNING! Possible Radio Frequency (RF) Susceptibility

Do not use the AED in locations where large electromagnetic or RF fields can be expected to occur.

Refer to Chapter 1: Electromagnetic Emissions Standards Compliance for additional information.



WARNING! Possible Interference with Implanted Pacemaker

Therapy should not be delayed for patients with implanted pacemakers and a defibrillation attempt should be made if the patient is unconscious and not breathing. The AED has pacemaker detection and rejection. However, with some pacemakers the AED may not advise a defibrillation shock. (Cummins, R., ed., Advanced Cardiac Life Support; AHA (1994): Ch. 4)

When placing pads:

- Do not place the pads directly over an implanted device.
- Place the pad at least one inch from any implanted device.



WARNING! Electromagnetic Compatibility

Use of accessories or cables other than those specified, with the exception of accessories and cables sold by Cardiac Science Corporation as replacement parts for internal components, may result in increased emissions or decreased immunity of the AED.



WARNING! Improper Equipment Placement

Position the AED away from other equipment. If it is necessary to use the AED adjacent to or stacked with other equipment, then observe the AED to verify normal operations.



Caution: Restricted Use

Federal law restricts this device for sale by or on the order of a physician or practitioner licensed by law of the area in which he/she practises.



Caution: Lithium Sulphur Dioxide Battery

Pressurised contents: never recharge, short circuit, puncture, deform or expose to temperatures above 149°F (65°C). Remove the battery when discharged.



Caution: Battery Disposal

Recycle or dispose of the lithium battery in accordance with all federal, country, state, and local laws. To avoid fire and explosion hazard, do not burn or incinerate the battery.



Caution: Use only Cardiac Science Approved Equipment

Using batteries, pads, cables or optional equipment other than those approved by Cardiac Science may cause the AED to function improperly during a rescue.



Caution: Possible Improper AED Performance

Using pads that are damaged or expired may result in improper AED performance.



Caution: Serial Communication Cable

Do not use the serial communication cable during a rescue. If the serial communication cable is connected to the AED communication port during a rescue, the device will prompt "Remove Cable to Continue Rescue" until the cable is removed from the port.



Caution: Moving the Patient During a Rescue

During a rescue attempt, excessive jostling or moving of the patient may cause AEDs to improperly analyse the patient's cardiac rhythm. Stop all motion or vibration before attempting a rescue.



Caution: Systems Statement

Equipment connected to the analogue and digital interfaces must be certified to the respective IEC standards (i.e. IEC 60950 for data processing equipment and IEC 60601-1 for medical equipment).

Furthermore, all configurations shall comply with the system standard IEC 60601-1-1. Anyone who connects additional equipment to the signal input part or signal output part configures a medical system, and is therefore responsible for ensuring that the system complies with the requirements of the system standard IEC 60601-1-1.



Caution: Equipment Malfunction

Portable and RF communications equipment may affect the AED. Always observe the recommended separation distances as defined in the EMC declaration tables.



Caution: Equipment Malfunction

The AED requires special precautions regarding EMC. Use the AED according to the guidelines of the EMC declaration tables.
































Caution: Aircraft Storage and Use








Aircraft storage and use is confined to fuselage.

Symbol descriptions

The following symbols may appear in this manual, on the AED or on its optional components. Some of the symbols represent standards and compliances associated with the AED and its use.

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
	Caution. Consult accompanying documentation.		Additional information is provided in the AED Operator and Service Manual.
	Dangerous Voltage: The defibrillator output has high voltage and can present a shock hazard. Please read and understand all safety alerts in this manual before attempting to operate the AED.		Type BF applied part.
	The AED is protected against the effects of splashing water in accordance with IEC 60529.		Do not recharge battery.
	Classified by CSA International with respect to electric shock, fire and mechanical hazards only in accordance with CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60601-1:08, EN60601-1 and EN60601-2-4. Certified to CAN/CSA Standard C22.2 No. 60601-1:08.		
	Symbol for ON. Open the lid to turn on the AED.		Indicates the AED battery status. The illuminated areas indicate the remaining battery capacity.
	Check pads. The pads are missing, not connected or have compromised functionality.		Indicates AED requires maintenance by authorised service personnel.

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
	When the SHOCK indicator is lit, press this button to deliver a defibrillation shock.		Serial communication port
	A red indicator with a BLACK X means the AED requires operator attention or maintenance and is not Rescue Ready.		A green indicator without a BLACK X means the AED is Rescue Ready.
	Date of manufacture: year and month.		Date of factory recertification (R): year and month.
	Latex free. Not made with natural rubber latex.		Disposable. Single patient use only.
	Tear here to open.		Separate one pad from blue liner by peeling from the tabbed corner.
	Position of pads on the chest of patient.		For use by or on the order of a physician or persons licensed by state law.
	Do not incinerate or expose to open flame.		Lot number
	Upper and lower operating temperature limits.		Use pads by this date.
	Serial Number		Device model number; battery model number

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
	Lithium sulphur dioxide		Authorised representative in the European Community
	CE Mark: This equipment conforms to essential requirements of the Medical Device Directive 93/42/EEC.		
	Waste Electronic Electrical Equipment (WEEE). Separate collection for waste electrical and electronic equipment.		Waste Electronic Electrical Equipment (WEEE) containing lead. Separate collection for waste electrical and electronic equipment.
	Recycle cardboard according to local law.		Dispose of properly in accordance with all state, province, or country regulations.

Electromagnetic emissions standards compliance

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration— electromagnetic emissions


The AED is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the AED should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment—guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The AED uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The AED is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration— electromagnetic immunity

The AED is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the AED should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment—guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3 A/m	80 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels no higher than those characteristic of a typical location in typical heavy industrial and power plants and the control rooms of H.V. substations.
Note: U_T is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.			
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz outside ISM bands ^a 10 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz in ISM bands ^a	Not Applicable Not Applicable	

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment—guidance
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	10 V/m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz	10 V/m	<p>Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the AED, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.</p> <p>Recommended separation distance</p> $d = 1.2 \sqrt{P} \quad 80 \text{ MHz to } 800 \text{ MHz}$ $d = 2.3 \sqrt{P} \quad 800 \text{ MHz to } 2.5 \text{ GHz}$ <p>where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in metres (m)^b.</p> <p>Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey,^c should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range^d.</p> <p>Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:</p> 

Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

- ^a The ISM (industrial, scientific and medical) bands between 150 kHz and 80 MHz are 6.765 MHz to 6.795 MHz; 13.553 MHz to 13.567 MHz; 26.957 MHz to 27.283 MHz; and 40.66 to 40.70 MHz.
- ^b The compliance levels in the ISM frequency bands between 150 kHz and 80 MHz and in the frequency range 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz are intended to decrease the likelihood that mobile/portable communications equipment could cause interference if it is inadvertently brought into patient areas. For this reason, an additional factor of 10/3 is used in calculating the recommended separation distance for transmitters in these frequency ranges.
- ^c Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the AED is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the AED should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the AED.
- ^d Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 1 V/m.

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the AED

The AED is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the AED can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the AED as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum output power of transmitter <i>W</i>	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter <i>m</i>			
	150 kHz to 80 MHz outside ISM bands	150 kHz to 80 MHz in ISM bands	80 MHz to 800 MHz	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz
			$d = 1.2 \sqrt{P}$	$d = 2.3 \sqrt{P}$
0.01	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.12	0.23
0.1	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.38	0.73
1	Not applicable	Not applicable	1.2	2.3
10	Not applicable	Not applicable	3.8	7.3
100	Not applicable	Not applicable	12	23

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance *d* in metres (m) can be determined using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where *P* is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

Note 2: The ISM (industrial, scientific and medical) bands between 150 kHz and 80 MHz are 6.765 MHz to 6.795 MHz; 13.553 MHz to 13.567 MHz; 26.957 MHz to 27.283 MHz; and 40.66 to 40.70 MHz.

Note 3: An additional factor of 10/3 is used in calculating the recommended separation distance for transmitters in the ISM frequency bands between 150 kHz and 80 MHz and in the frequency range 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz to decrease the likelihood that mobile/portable communications equipment could cause interference if it is inadvertently brought into patient areas.

Note 4: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

2 Introduction

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This section presents information about the AED, its use and the training requirements for operation.

AED description

Cardiac Science's Powerheart® G3 Elite AEDs are public access AEDs. They are portable, battery operated, self-testing units used to diagnose and treat life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias in patients who are unresponsive and not breathing normally.

The G3 Powerheart® Elite AED is available with semi-automatic or fully automatic functionality. It includes pre-connected rescue electrode pads, user-paced rescue prompting and CPR coaching. A patient's electrocardiogram (ECG) is monitored and a defibrillation shock is delivered if necessary. Voice and text prompts provide simple directions to guide the user during a rescue.

AEDs are shipped with defibrillation electrode pads already installed. The Rescue Ready® indicator assures the user that the AED is ready for use.

The AED models employ an impedance compensating, biphasic waveform.

The AED models also automatically perform daily, weekly and monthly self-tests. Self-test results are communicated by audible alert and via the visual Rescue Ready® indicator.

Batteries

The Powerheart® G3 Elite AED is powered by a user-replaceable, non-rechargeable battery with 4 years of operational performance and an estimated 5 years of shelf-life from date of manufacturer. Powerheart® G3 Elite AED uses the Intellisense® Lithium Battery (Model 9146). The G3 Elite's automatic self-testing detects when the battery is nearing end of life and signals an alert while the unit still retains enough energy to perform a rescue. All batteries are labelled with an expiration date.

Defibrillation pads

Both adult and paediatric pads are available for use with the Powerheart® G3 Elite AED. The defibrillation electrode pads act as a conductive interface between the AED and the patient's skin.

Indications for use

Powerheart® AED G3 Semi-Automatic and Powerheart® AED G3 Automatic

The Powerheart® G3 Elite AED is indicated for emergency treatment of victims exhibiting symptoms of sudden cardiac arrest who are:

- ◆ unresponsive,
- ◆ not breathing normally and
- ◆ without pulse.

When the patient is a child or infant up to 8 years of age or up to 55 lb. (25kg), the device should be used with the Intellisense™ Defibrillation Pad – Paediatric. The therapy should not be delayed to determine the patient's exact age or weight.

The Powerheart® G3 Elite AED is intended to be used by personnel who have been trained in its operation.

9131 Defibrillation Electrodes

Cardiac Science 9131 Defibrillation Electrodes are single use and intended to be used in conjunction with Cardiac Science automated external defibrillators (AEDs) to monitor and deliver defibrillation energy to the patient.

The electrodes are intended for short term use (<8 hours) and must be used before the expiration date listed on the packaging.

The AED electrodes are used for emergency treatment of cardiac arrest patients over 8 years of age or greater than 55 lb (25 kg). The user assesses the patient's condition and confirms that the patient is unconscious, pulseless and is not breathing prior to applying the electrodes to the skin.

Contraindications

The Powerheart® G3 Elite AED should not be used on patients that are responsive or breathing normally.

Potential adverse effects of the device on health

Below is a list of the potential adverse effects (e.g., complications) associated with the use of the device and AEDs in general, listed in decreasing order of seriousness:

- ◆ Failure to identify shockable arrhythmia;
- ◆ Failure to deliver a defibrillation shock in the presence of VF or pulseless VT, which may result in death or permanent injury;
- ◆ Inappropriate energy which could cause failed defibrillation or post-shock dysfunction;
- ◆ Myocardial damage;
- ◆ Fire hazard in the presence of high oxygen concentration or flammable anaesthetic agents;
- ◆ Electromagnetic interference (EMI) from the defibrillator impacting other devices especially during charge and energy transfers;
- ◆ Incorrectly shocking a pulse sustaining rhythm and inducing VF or cardiac arrest;
- ◆ Bystander shock from patient contact during defibrillation shock;
- ◆ Interaction with pacemakers;
- ◆ Skin burns around the electrode placement area;
- ◆ Allergic dermatitis due to sensitivity to materials used in electrode construction; and
- ◆ Minor skin rash.

Summary of clinical studies

The final order, Effective Date of Requirement for Premarket Approval for Automated External Defibrillator Systems, published on 29 January, 2015 and republished on 3 February, 2015, states that clinical study information can be leveraged for AEDs from both published studies and clinical data previously submitted to FDA under the 510(k) Premarket Notification process. Cardiac Science submitted the following clinical studies for the original FDA Clearance of the Cardiac Science AEDs.

The RhythmX® ECG Analysis and STAR® Biphasic defibrillation waveform were tested during two (2) separate clinical studies, IDE G920078 and IDE G970230.

The RhythmX® ECG Analysis and STAR® Biphasic defibrillation waveform, IDE G920078

Study objective: To prove the efficacy of the RhythmX ECG analysis using the Powerheart® Automated External Cardioverter Defibrillator (AED) device, which uses the exact same RhythmX technology as Cardiac Science's current AEDs.

Method: The study was divided into two (2) phases: Phase I and Phase II. Phase I was further divided into two (2) sub-phases. In Phase I, the Powerheart® AED operated as an arrhythmia detector only and did not deliver shock therapy. Phase I was not randomised. In Phase II, the Powerheart® AED operated as an arrhythmia detector and optionally delivered shock therapy. Phase II was a blind, randomised trial.

Results: A total of 156 patients were enrolled in the trials. Data from the first 15 patients was excluded because the arrhythmia detection algorithm changed after they were studied. The remaining 141 patients experienced 92 shockable episodes, with 117 patients attached to the Powerheart® AED and the remaining 24 randomised to the standard of care only. The sensitivity of the Powerheart® AED was 100.0%, the positive predictivity was 93.3% and the specificity was 99.4%. Table 2-1 shows the clinical data of all patients with 95% lower confidence limit scores when attached to the Powerheart® AED.

Conclusion: These data support the conclusion that Powerheart® AEDs accurately detect ventricular tachyarrhythmias and provide appropriate therapy according to physician selected parameters.

The data collected demonstrated sensitivity of 100.0%, positive predictivity as 93.9% and specificity as 99.4%. The initial sample size calculations assumed an expected sensitivity of 90%. The actual sensitivity of 100% calculated in this trial allowed a smaller number of patients to be entered in the study while still providing the necessary high confidence limits. The Powerheart® AED's arrhythmia detection and therapeutic capabilities, as well as its safety and efficacy have been demonstrated with a high confidence level.

STAR® Biphasic Waveform IDE G970230

Study objective: To evaluate the first shock efficacy of monophasic and STAR® Biphasic Waveforms for external defibrillation.

Methods: A prospective, randomised, blinded, multicentre study of 118 patients undergoing electrophysiologic testing or receiving an implantable defibrillator was conducted. Ventricular fibrillation was induced and defibrillation was attempted in each patient with a biphasic and a monophasic waveform. Patients were randomly placed into two (2) groups: Group 1 received shocks of escalating energy and Group 2 received only high-energy shocks.

Results: The STAR® Biphasic Waveform achieved a first-shock success rate of 100% in Group 1 (95% confidence interval [CI] 95.1% to 100%) and Group 2 (95% CI 94.6% to 100%), with average delivered energies of 201 ± 17 J and 295 ± 28 J, respectively. The monophasic waveform demonstrated a 96.7% (95% CI 89.1% to 100%) first-shock success rate and average delivered energy of 215 ± 12 J for Group 1 and a 98.2% (95% CI 91.7% to 100%) first-shock success rate and average delivered energy of 352 ± 13 J for Group 2.

Conclusion: The STAR® Biphasic Waveform was validated in a multicentre clinical trial led by researchers at the Cleveland Clinic and Cedars-Sinai Medical Center. The analysis showed that the overall first-shock defibrillation success rate with the STAR® Biphasic Waveform is statistically higher than the monophasic damped sine or the 150J non-escalating biphasic waveform.

RHYTHMx AED ECG analysis algorithm

The RHYTHMx™ AED ECG analysis algorithm provides ECG detection capabilities. The features available with the AED include the following:

- ◆ Detection Rate
- ◆ Asystole Threshold
- ◆ Noise Detection
- ◆ Non-Committed Shock
- ◆ Synchronised Shock
- ◆ Pacemaker Pulse Rejection
- ◆ SVT Discriminators
- ◆ Supraventricular Tachycardia (SVT) Rate

Detection rate

All ventricular fibrillation (VF) and ventricular tachycardia (VT) rhythms at or above this rate will be classified as shockable. All rhythms below this rate will be classified as non-shockable. This rate is programmable from 120 bpm (beats per minute) to 240 bpm via MDLink Software by the Medical Director. The default Detection Rate is 160 bpm.

Asystole threshold

The asystole baseline-to-peak threshold is set at 0.08 mV. ECG rhythms at or below 0.08 mV will be classified as asystole and will not be shockable.

Noise detection

The AED will detect noise artefacts in the ECG. Noise could be introduced by excessive moving of the patient or electronic noise from external sources like cellular and radiotelephones. When noise is detected, the AED will issue the prompt "ANALYSIS INTERRUPTED. STOP PATIENT MOTION" to warn the operator. The AED will then proceed to reanalyse the rhythm and continue with the rescue.

Non-committed shock

After the AED advises a shock, it continues to monitor the patient ECG rhythm. If the patient's rhythm changes to a non-shockable rhythm before the actual shock is delivered, the AED will advise that the rhythm has changed and issue the prompt "RHYTHM CHANGED. SHOCK CANCELLED." The AED will override the charge.

Synchronised shock

The AED is designed to automatically attempt to synchronise shock delivery on the R-wave if one is present. If delivery cannot be synchronised within one second, a non-synchronised shock will be delivered.

Pacemaker pulse detection

The AED contains pacemaker pulse detection circuitry to detect pulses from an implanted pacemaker.

SVT discriminators

The AED is supplied with the SVT Discriminator enabled and with the default setting "NO THERAPY FOR SVT". With the factory default setting of "NO THERAPY FOR SVT", the AED will not shock an SVT rhythm.

SVT Discriminators are sophisticated filters that analyse the morphology of the ECG waveforms and distinguish VF/VT from SVT and Normal Sinus Rhythms (NSR). The SVT Discriminator will only be applied to rhythms that fall between the Detection Rate and the SVT Rate. The factory default setting for this feature is "NO THERAPY FOR SVT", however the Medical Director can enable this feature using MDLink® on the Powerheart AED.

SVT rate

All rhythms with rates between the Detection Rate and SVT Rate will be screened through a number of SVT Discriminators to classify them into VF/VT or SVT. Rhythms classified as SVT between the two set rates are not shockable. All SVT rhythms above the rates will be classified as shockable. The SVT Rate must be greater than the Detection Rate and is selectable between 160 to 300 bpm or, "NO THERAPY FOR SVT" can be selected via MDLink Software by the Medical Director.

Rescue protocol

The AED rescue protocol is consistent with the guidelines recommended by the AHA/ERC 2015 Guidelines for Resuscitation and Emergency Cardiac Care.

Upon detecting a shockable cardiac rhythm, the AED advises the operator to press the SHOCK button (9790E only) to deliver a defibrillation shock followed by directions to perform 2 minutes of CPR.

For the Powerheart® AED G3 Automatic, upon detecting a shockable rhythm, the AED will automatically deliver a defibrillation shock followed by directions to perform 2 minutes of CPR.

STAR® biphasic waveform

The STAR Biphasic Waveform is designed to measure the patient's impedance and deliver a customised shock. This allows the delivery of an optimised energy level to each patient. The energy levels for the Powerheart® G3 AED are available in three different defibrillation shock levels.

The Ultra-Low Energy (150 VE), Low Energy (200 VE) and High Energy (300 VE) shocks are variable energy. The actual energy is determined by the patient's impedance. See Table 2-2 on page 2-10, Table 6-2 on page 6-8, Table 6-3 on page 6-8 and Table 6-4 on page 6-9 for additional information. For paediatric patients, see Table 6-5 on page 6-11, Table 6-6 on page 6-11, Table 6-7 on page 6-11, Table 6-8 on page 6-12 and Table 6-9 on page 6-12.

STAR® biphasic energy protocols for Powerheart® G3 AEDs

The STAR Biphasic defibrillation waveform will deliver variable escalating energy that is customised to each patient's needs based upon a patient's thoracic impedance. This customisation adjusts for the unique physical differences between patients. The Powerheart® G3 AED comes equipped with five different biphasic energy protocols.

The operator, with guidance, direction and implementation from the designated AED program Medical Director, may select from one of these five protocols when placing the Powerheart® G3 AED into service. The Powerheart® G3 AED's factory default energy protocol is 200-300-300 Joule (J) escalating Variable Energy (VE). The first shock is delivered within the range of 126J-260J. Subsequent shocks are delivered within a range of 170J-351J.

These protocols are selected by using the MDLink software program. The five biphasic energy protocols available are as follows:

Table 2-2: Biphasic Energy Protocols

Energy Protocols	Shock Sequence ¹	Energy Level	
		(VE)	Energy Range ² (J)
Factory Default	1	200	126-260
	2	300	170-351
	3	300	170-351
Protocol #2	1	200	126-260
	2	200	126-260
	3	300	170-351
Protocol #3	1	150	95-196
	2	200	126-260
	3	200	126-260

Table 2-2: Biphasic Energy Protocols (continued)

Energy Protocols	Shock Sequence¹	Energy Level (VE)	Energy Range² (J)
Protocol #4	1	150	95-196
	2	150	95-196
	3	200	126-260
Protocol #5	1	200	126-260
	2	200	126-260
	3	200	126-260

¹The Ultra-Low Energy (150 VE), Low Energy (200 VE) and High Energy (300 VE) shocks are variable energy. The actual energy is determined by the patient's impedance.

² Allowable energy range.

Operator training requirements

Persons authorised to operate the AED must have all of the following minimum training:

- ◆ Defibrillation training and other training as required by state, province, or country regulations
- ◆ Training on operation and use of the AED
- ◆ Additional training as required by the physician or Medical Director
- ◆ A thorough understanding of the procedures in this manual.

Note: Keep valid certificates of training and certification as required by state, province, or country regulations.

3 Getting Started

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- ◆ AED indicators 3-2
 - ◆ Setting the AED internal clock 3-6
 - ◆ RescueCoach™ voice prompts and text display 3-7
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AED indicators

The following indicators are located on the AED.

Rescue Ready® status indicator

The status indicator is located on the Powerheart® G3 AED handle.



When this indicator is green, the AED is Rescue Ready. This means the AED self-tests have verified the following:

- ◆ Battery has an adequate charge
- ◆ Pads are properly connected to the AED and functioning
- ◆ Integrity of the internal circuitry is good.



When the status indicator is red, attention is required.

1. Open lid of the AED to troubleshoot the issue.
2. The AED may become Rescue Ready (the indicator turns green) after it runs further tests.
3. If the indicator remains red, contact Cardiac Science Technical Support (see *Contact information* on page 1-2) or outside the U.S., your local Cardiac Science representative.

Note: When the status indicator shows not Rescue Ready (the indicator is red) you might hear an intermittent beep. See *Audible maintenance indicator* for troubleshooting information.

Note: Continue with rescue if the status indicator shows not Rescue Ready (the indicator is red).

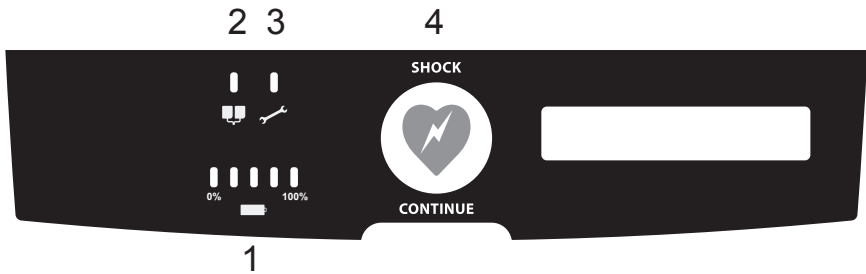
Audible maintenance indicator

When the daily, weekly or monthly self-test determines attention is required, a beep sounds every 30 seconds until the lid is opened or the battery power is depleted. Opening and closing the lid may deactivate the beep. If the error is not corrected by the next automatic self-test, the beep will be reactivated.

Because the beep is a general indicator that the AED is not Rescue Ready, always open the lid first and allow the AED to perform its self test. If the AED provides a voice prompt but does not change the Rescue Ready indicator to green, note the prompt and contact Cardiac Science Technical Support (see *Contact information* on page 1-2) or outside the U.S., your local Cardiac Science representative.

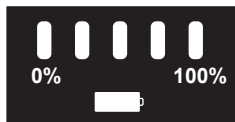
Diagnostic panel

The diagnostic panel has the following indicators:



1. Smartgauge™ battery indicator
2. Pads indicator
3. Service indicator
4. Shock Button (Powerheart® G3 Elite Semi-Automatic model 9790E only)

Smartgauge™ battery status indicator



The Smartgauge™ Battery Status Indicator has five LEDs, four green and one red. The right four green LEDs display the remaining capacity of the battery much like a fuel gauge. With use, the green LEDs gradually go out, from right to left, as battery capacity decreases. When the green LEDs go out and the red LED lights up, replace the battery.

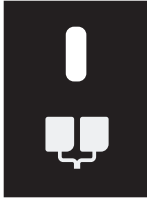
Note: When the red LED initially lights up—upon lid opening or at any time during a rescue—a BATTERY LOW prompt will be issued at once. However, the AED is capable of delivering at least 9 defibrillation shocks after the first BATTERY LOW prompt is issued.

When the AED battery cannot deliver any more shocks, the AED shows BATTERY LOW on the text display and the red battery LED illuminates. To continue the rescue, leave the lid open, remove the battery and replace with a fresh battery. If battery replacement takes longer than 60 seconds, the first rescue will be terminated and a second rescue will begin upon insertion of battery.

Note: When the battery is depleted, neither the LED nor the text display illuminates.

Pads indicator

The Pads LED lights up when the pads are:



- ◆ Not properly connected to the AED
- ◆ Not within operational specifications (cold, dried, damaged)
- ◆ Disconnected from the patient during a rescue.

Service indicator



The Service LED lights up when the AED detects an error that cannot be corrected by the self test. Contact Cardiac Science Technical Support (see *Contact information* on page 1-2) or outside the U.S., your local Cardiac Science representative.

Shock button



For the Powerheart® G3 Elite Semi-Automatic model 9790E only: The AED has one button called the Shock button. The word Shock and the shock button LED will illuminate red and flash when the AED is ready to deliver a defibrillation shock to the patient.

Text display

The text display has 2 lines of text. The text display provides the operator with information regarding system initialisation, text prompts and data during a rescue and diagnostics.

SHOCKS 0 00:20
PRESS PAD FIRMLY

SHOCKS 0 00:22
AS SHOWN

System initialisation occurs when the lid is first opened. The text display shows the operator the identifiers for the internal code, voice prompts and text prompts versions. The text display also shows the current date and time.

During a rescue, the text display shows the number of shocks delivered and the elapsed time from the beginning of the rescue (when the lid was first opened). During CPR, a countdown timer will be displayed. The text version of the voice prompts will also be displayed.

Note: There is a 3 second delay between the time the AED lid is opened and the start of the rescue. This 3 second delay is not included in the elapsed rescue time.

Setting the AED internal clock

For US models, the internal clock is preset to Central Standard Time. You can reset it to your local date and time. To set the clock, you need a Windows 7 or newer PC, RescueLink software installed and the AED serial cable connected to the PC.

To set the clock:

1. Ensure that the PC is set at the correct local time and date.
2. Open the lid of the AED and run the RescueLink software on the PC.
3. Connect the cable to the serial port on the AED.
4. Verify that the voice prompt states "Communications Mode".
5. Click Communications on the main menu. Select AED Date and Time.
6. Click on the Get button to review the current time in the AED.
7. If the time and date are incorrect, click Set to set new time and date. The AED date and time will automatically be updated to the PC's time and date.

RescueCoach™ voice prompts and text display

The RescueCoach voice prompts activate when the AED lid is opened and help guide the operator through the rescue. The AED text display provides a visual display of most of the audible voice prompts.

The following tables list the voice and text prompts and a description of when the prompts are issued.

Table 3-1: Initial instructions

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"Stay calm. Follow these voice instructions. Make sure 999 is called now!"	CALL 999!	Plays after lid opening self test, default ON.
"Stay calm. Follow these voice instructions. Make sure Emergency Services are called now!"	CALL EMERGENCY SERVICES NOW!	Medical Director may use MDLink® to select this prompt instead of "CALL 999!". MDLink also allows emergency services and 999 prompts to be disabled.

Table 3-2: Preparation

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"Begin by exposing patient's bare chest and torso. Remove or cut clothing if needed."	BARE PATIENT'S TORSO REMOVE CLOTHING	Prompts the rescuer to remove patient clothing.

Table 3-2: Preparation (continued)

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"When patient's chest and torso are exposed, remove square foil package from lid of AED."	WHEN CHEST IS BARE REMOVE FOIL PACKAGE	Prompts the rescuer to remove the pads from AED lid.
"Tear open foil package across dotted line and remove pads."	TEAR OPEN PACKAGE REMOVE PADS	Prompts the rescuer to open the pad package and remove pads.
"Next, separate one of the white pads completely from blue plastic liner. Begin peeling from the tabbed corner."	PEEL ONE PAD FROM BLUE PLASTIC LINER	Repeats every 3 seconds until the pads are separated. If a pad has been peeled before the prompt starts, this prompt will be skipped. This prompt will be interrupted when pad is peeled.
"Firmly place the pad without the liner on the patient, exactly as illustrated. This pad can be placed on either of the two locations shown."	PRESS PAD FIRMLY TO CHEST AS SHOWN	Prompts the rescuer to place one pad on the patient.
"Next, peel the blue plastic liner off of the second white pad."	PEEL SECOND PAD OFF BLUE PLASTIC LINER	Prompts the rescuer to remove the liner from the second pad.
"Firmly place the second pad on the opposite location, exactly as illustrated."	PRESS PAD FIRMLY AS SHOWN	Repeats until second pad placement is sensed. If the pad is placed before prompt starts, then this prompt will be skipped. This prompt will be interrupted when second pad is placed.

Table 3-3: Analysis

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"Do not touch patient! Analysing heart rhythm. Please wait."	DO NOT TOUCH PATIENT ANALYSING RHYTHM	Repeats until analysis of the patient's cardiac rhythm is completed. This prompt will be interrupted when ready to shock.
"Preparing shock. Move away from the patient!"	NO CONTACT WITH THE PATIENT	Repeats while the AED is preparing to deliver a defibrillation shock (charging).

Table 3-4: Delivering shock - Semi-automatic

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"Press red flashing button to deliver shock."	PRESS BUTTON TO DELIVER SHOCK	Prompts after the AED is fully charged and ready to deliver the defibrillation shock. The RED SHOCK indicator flashes and the phrase repeats for 30 seconds or until the SHOCK button is pushed.
"Shock delivered"	SHOCK DELIVERED	Prompt when the shock is delivered

Table 3-5: Delivering shock - Fully automatic

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"Shock will be delivered in"	SHOCK IN:	After the AED is fully charged and ready to deliver the defibrillation shock. The SHOCK will automatically be administered approximately three seconds after the end of the voice prompt.
"Three"	THREE	Prompts approximately three seconds prior to delivering shock.
"Two"	TWO	Prompts approximately two seconds prior to delivering shock.
"One"	ONE	Prompts approximately one seconds prior to delivering shock.
"Shock delivered"	SHOCK DELIVERED	Prompts when the shock is delivered.

Table 3-6: CPR prompts

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"It is now safe to touch the patient."	NOW SAFE TO TOUCH THE PATIENT	Advises the rescuer that it is safe to touch the patient: - After the AED delivers a shock - After the AED detects a non-shockable cardiac rhythm.
"When instructed, give patient 30 rapid compressions then give 2 breaths"	30 COMPRESSIONS 2 BREATHS	This prompt plays at the start of a CPR interval where the AED detects a non-shockable heart rhythm. Note: Prompt for traditional CPR only.
"Place heel of one hand on centre of chest between nipples."	PLACE ONE HAND ON CENTRE OF CHEST	Prompts rescuer to correctly place one hand for giving compressions.
"Place heel of other hand directly on top of first hand. Lean over patient with elbows straight."	PLACE OTHER HAND ON TOP OF FIRST HAND	Prompts rescuer to correctly place other hand and body for giving compressions
"Press the patient's chest down rapidly one third depth of chest, then release"	PRESS CHEST DOWN FIRMLY	Prompts the rescuer to press down one third depth of patient's chest.
"Start CPR"	START CPR	Prompts to start CPR.
"Press" (30 times at 100/minute) of time remaining for CPR session. (or) Metronome (30 times at 100/minute) (or) No Prompt (silence)	{CPR COUNTER}	CPR counter shows the amount
Note: Option is selected in MDLink software.		

Table 3-6: CPR prompts (continued)

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"Stop compressions"	STOP COMPRESSIONS	Prompts at the end of each CPR round. Note: Prompt for traditional CPR only, in enhanced mode.
"Give breath, give breath"	GIVE BREATH	Prompts to give two breaths to patient. Note: Prompt for traditional CPR only, in enhanced mode.
"Continue with compressions."	CONTINUE WITH COMPRESSIONS	Prompts in subsequent rounds of the same CPR session. Note: This prompt is available only in Enhanced Mode. Prompt for traditional CPR only.
"Stop CPR"	STOP CPR	Prompts to stop CPR.
"Continue CPR"	CONTINUE CPR	Prompts during the CPR interval enabled in the Standard prompt set. Prompts when lid is reopened during CPR cycle.

Table 3-7: Pad issues

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"Make sure pad connector is plugged into AED. Press pads firmly to patient's bare skin."	CHECK CONNECTOR IS PLUGGED INTO AED PRESS PADS FIRMLY TO BARE SKIN	Prompts when defibrillation pads connector is not correctly inserted into pad socket.
"Make sure pad connector is plugged into AED. Press pads firmly to patient's bare skin."	CHECK CONNECTOR IS PLUGGED INTO AED PRESS PADS FIRMLY TO BARE SKIN	Prompts when better pad connectivity to the patient's skin is required because impedance is too high.

Table 3-8: Other prompts

Voice Prompt	Text display	Situation
"Battery low"	BATTERY LOW	Occurs once when the battery voltage becomes low, although a rescue can continue for approximately 9 more shocks. When the battery is too low to do a rescue, the following will occur: BATTERY LOW shows on the LCD Smartgauge™ battery status indicator turns red. AED beeps once every 30 seconds while the lid is closed. You must replace the battery before continuing with the rescue. If completely depleted, all AED activity will terminate.
"Analysis interrupted. Stop patient motion."	ANALYSIS INTERRUPTED STOP PATIENT MOTION	When the AED detects ECG noise artefact, stop moving or touching the patient. Remove other electronic devices within a 5 metre radius.
"Open lid to continue rescue."	OPEN LID TO CONTINUE RESCUE	When the lid is inadvertently closed during a rescue, this prompt will repeat for 15 seconds.
Rhythm changed. Shock cancelled."	RHYTHM CHANGED SHOCK CANCELLED	When the device is prepared to shock then detects a change in rhythm and therefore cancels the shock.
"Remove cable to continue rescue."	REMOVE CABLE TO CONTINUE RESCUE	When a serial communication cable is connected to the AED during a rescue, the phrase repeats until the cable is disconnected.
"Communications mode"	COMMUNICATIONS MODE	When the lid is open and the serial communication cable is plugged into the AED.
"Service required"	SERVICE REQUIRED	Occurs after the self-tests determine that the AED is not functioning properly. The prompt "SERVICE REQUIRED" will be heard when the lid is opened. The red SERVICE indicator will illuminate. After closing the lid, an indicator beep will be heard until the battery is removed or becomes completely depleted.

4 Data Management

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The AED is designed for ease of data management and review. The data can be downloaded from the AED and displayed on the PC screen using the RescueLink software.

Recording rescue data

The AED automatically records RescueLink data and can store up to 60 minutes of ECG monitoring time in its internal memory. Multiple rescues can be stored in the internal memory, allowing the rescuer to administer additional rescues without downloading the data to a PC. Should the internal memory become full, the AED will purge rescues as needed, beginning with the oldest rescue.

When downloading data, RescueLink will enable the user to select which rescue to download. See the RescueLink application HELP files for more information.

Reviewing rescue data

To retrieve data from internal memory:

1. Open the AED lid.
2. Connect the serial cable to the PC and to the AED's serial port under the orange rubber data access cover. The voice prompt will say "Communications Mode".
3. Run the RescueLink® software program.
4. Select Communications. Get Rescue Data.
5. Select Internal Memory of AED, then select OK.
6. Select a rescue by clicking on the date and press OK.



WARNING! Electric Shock and Fire Hazard

Do not connect any telephones or unauthorised connectors to the socket on this equipment.



Caution: Serial Communication Cable

The serial communication cable is only for use with the AED; it is not to be used with a telephone. Ensure that the AED lid has been closed for at least 30 seconds prior to connecting the serial communication cable to the AED.

5 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

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◆ Scheduled maintenance	5-4
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This section presents information about the AED diagnostics self-tests, maintenance and service indications.

Self-tests

The AED has a comprehensive self-test system that automatically tests the electronics, battery, pads and high-voltage circuitry. Self-tests are also activated every time you open and close the AED lid.

When performing the self-tests, the AED completes the following steps automatically:

1. Turns itself on and the Status Indicator changes to red
2. Performs the self-test
3. If successful, the Status Indicator reverts to green
4. Turns itself off if the lid is closed.

There are three types of automatic self-tests:

- ◆ The daily self-test checks the battery, pads and the electronic components

- ◆ The weekly self-test completes a partial charge of the high-voltage electronics in addition to the items tested in the daily self-test
- ◆ During the monthly self-test, the high-voltage electronics are charged to full energy in addition to the items tested in the daily self-test.


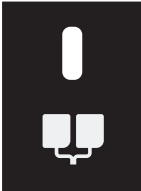


In addition, self-tests will be initiated upon opening the lid and again upon closing the lid.

If the self-test detects an error, the Status Indicator remains red. Upon closing the lid, an audible alert will be issued. The diagnostic panel under the lid indicates the source of the problem according to Table 5-1 on page 5-3.

Indicator troubleshooting table

The following is a troubleshooting table for the AED indicators.

Table 5-1: Indicator Troubleshooting Table

View	Symptom	Solution
	Red Service indicator (LED) is lit.	Maintenance by authorised service personnel is required. Contact Cardiac Science Technical Support or, outside the U. S., your local Cardiac Science representative.
	Red Pads indicator (LED) is lit.	Connect the pads or replace with a new pair.
	The last battery indicator (LED) is red.	The battery is low. Replace with a new battery.
	Rescue Ready® Status indicator is red and no other indicators on the diagnostic panel are lit.	Replace the battery. If the status indicator remains red, contact Cardiac Science Technical Support or, outside the U. S., your local Cardiac Science representative.



Caution: Temperature Extremes

Exposing the AED to extreme environmental conditions outside of its operating parameters may compromise the ability of the AED to function properly. The Rescue Ready® daily self-test verifies the impact of extreme environmental conditions on the AED. If the daily self-test determines environmental conditions outside of the AED's operating parameters, the Rescue Ready indicator could change to red (not Rescue Ready) and the AED may issue a "SERVICE REQUIRED" alert to prompt the user to move the AED to environmental conditions within the acceptable operating parameters at once. See Chapter 6, *Technical Data*, for acceptable environmental conditions and *Rescue Ready status indicator* on page 3-2 for information about the Rescue Ready indicator.



Caution: Not Rescue Ready

Issues other than extreme environmental conditions can cause the AED to become not Rescue Ready. For more information, see *Rescue Ready status indicator* on page 3-2.

Scheduled maintenance

Note: Powerheart® G3 AEDs perform weekly partial energy and monthly full energy charges of the high-voltage circuitry as part of their extensive self testing regimens. Consequently, Cardiac Science does not recommend that users perform any additional energy tests.

Perform the following tests per the schedule indicated:

Daily maintenance

Check the Status Indicator to ensure that it is GREEN. When the indicator is GREEN, the AED is ready for a rescue. If the indicator is RED, refer to the troubleshooting table on page 5-3.

Monthly maintenance

Perform the following procedure each month (28 days):

1. Open the AED lid.
2. Wait for the AED to indicate status. Observe the STATUS INDICATOR change from GREEN to RED during its power up self-test. After approximately 5 seconds, verify that the STATUS INDICATOR returns to GREEN.

3. Check the expiration date on the pads.
4. Check the Smartgauge™ on the front panel to ensure the battery has sufficient power. Replace the battery if the indicator is RED.
5. Listen for the voice prompts. Additionally, check that the display shows text prompts that correspond to the audio.
6. Close the lid and verify that the STATUS INDICATOR changes from GREEN to RED during its power down self-test. After approximately 5 seconds, verify that the status indicator returns to GREEN.

Annual maintenance

Perform the following tests annually to confirm that the diagnostics are functioning properly and to verify the integrity of the case.

Check the integrity of the pads and circuitry:

1. Open the AED lid.
2. Remove the pads.
3. Close the lid.
4. Confirm that the STATUS INDICATOR turns RED.
5. Open the lid and confirm that the Pads indicator is lit.
6. Reconnect the pads and close the lid.
7. Make sure the expiration date is visible through the clear window of the lid.
8. Check to make sure that the STATUS INDICATOR is GREEN. If the pads are not installed properly, the Pads indicator will illuminate. Contact Cardiac Science Technical Support (see *Contact information* on page 1-2) or outside the U.S., your local Cardiac Science representative.
9. Open the lid and confirm that no diagnostic indicators are lit.
10. Check the expiration date of the pads; if expired, replace them.
11. Check the pads packaging integrity.
12. Close the lid.

Check the Integrity of the Service Indicator (LED) and Circuitry (for the Powerheart® G3 Elite Semi-Automatic model 9790E only):

1. Immediately after opening the AED lid, press and hold the Shock button and confirm that the Service LED is lit.
2. Release the Shock button.
3. Close the lid.
4. Verify that the STATUS INDICATOR remains RED.
5. Open the lid and confirm that no diagnostic panel indicators are lit.
6. Close the lid.
7. Verify that the STATUS INDICATOR turns GREEN.

Check the integrity of the case:

Examine the moulded case of the AED for any visible signs of stress. If the case shows signs of stress, contact Cardiac Science Technical Support (see *Contact information* on page 1-2) or outside the U.S., your local Cardiac Science representative.



Caution: Equipment Damage

When cleaning the device, use one of the following: Isopropyl Alcohol, Ethanol, a mild soapy water solution or a 3% hydrogen peroxide solution.



Caution: Equipment Damage

Keep all cleaning solutions and moisture away from the inside of all defibrillation pads and cable connector openings.

Authorised repair service

The AED has no user-serviceable internal components. Try to resolve any maintenance issues with the AED by using the Troubleshooting Table presented in this chapter. If you are unable to resolve the problem, contact Cardiac Science Technical Support (see *Contact information* on page 1-2) or outside the U.S., your local Cardiac Science representative.



WARNING! Shock Hazard

Do not disassemble the AED. Failure to observe this warning can result in personal injury or death. Refer maintenance issues to Cardiac Science authorised service personnel.

Note: The warranty will be void upon unauthorised disassembly, modification or service of the AED.

Frequently Asked Questions

Q: Can I give CPR while the AED is analysing?

A: The operator should stop CPR compressions during the analysis phase as indicated in the current AHA/ERC guidelines.

Q: Can I transport the victim while the AED is analysing?

A: No. Vehicle motion may cause noise artefacts that could interfere with proper cardiac rhythm analysis. Stop the vehicle when cardiac rhythm analysis is necessary.

Q: Is it safe for the AED to provide a shock to a patient lying on a conductive floor, antistatic floor or a metal surface?

A: Yes, it is safe. Using a Powerheart® AED on a patient lying on a conductive floor, antistatic floor or a metal surface does not create a safety hazard for either the device user or the patient.

Q: Do I need to prepare the chest prior to pad application?

A: Special preparation is not usually necessary. The chest should be as clean, dry and oil free as possible. Follow your Medical Director's instruction.

Q: What happens if the battery is low?

A: There are several Battery Low conditions that the AED will detect:

Battery Low detected - AED not in use: If a low battery condition is detected during a self test, the AED will beep once every 30 seconds. Remove the battery and replace with a fresh battery.

Battery Low detected – AED in use: When the red LED initially lights up—upon lid opening or at any time during a rescue—a BATTERY LOW prompt will be issued at once. However, the AED is capable of delivering at least 9 defibrillation shocks after the first BATTERY LOW prompt is issued.

Battery too low to charge AED during rescue: When the AED is not capable of delivering any more shocks, a BATTERY LOW prompt is displayed until the battery is replaced or AED activity ends.

To continue the rescue attempt, leave the lid open and replace the battery. When the battery replacement takes longer than 60 seconds, the first rescue is terminated and the AED begins to record the events from then on as a separate rescue.

Battery is completely depleted—No AED function: All AED activity stops until the battery is replaced with a fresh battery.

Q: How do I set the AED internal clock?

A: Set the clock by using the RescueLink Software Program and a PC. See *Setting the AED Internal Clock* in Chapter 3.

Q: What happens if I close the lid in the middle of a rescue attempt?

A: If you close the lid during a rescue, you must re-open the lid within 15 seconds to continue the rescue. You will hear the prompt, "Open lid to Continue Rescue." If the lid remains closed for more than 15 seconds, a new rescue will initiate when the lid is reopened.

Note: If the lid is closed during a rescue while the pads are connected to the patient, the STATUS INDICATOR remains GREEN. When the lid is reopened, however, the STATUS INDICATOR will turn RED and then back to GREEN. The rescue may be continued.

Q: My AED is sounding an audible alert. Why? How do I stop it?

A: The audible alert indicates that the self-test detected a need for maintenance or corrective action. Open the device lid and view the indicator on the diagnostic panel. Determine the maintenance required by using the troubleshooting table on page 5-3.

Q: The AED did not sound an audible alert when I removed the pads and closed the lid. Why?

Note: Ensure the battery is installed. The AED will never beep while battery is removed.

A: The lid-closed pad self-test only activates the STATUS INDICATOR. The AED allows time for replacement of the pads—as removing pads is a normal procedure after a rescue—or a battery during the post rescue procedure.

Q: What if I have to perform a rescue in an isolated area and at subzero temperatures?

A: When travel to a rescue involves exposing the AED to extremely cold temperatures for an extended period of time, keep the pads and the battery warm.

6 Technical Data

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This section lists the AED parameters and describes the STAR® biphasic waveforms.

Parameters

Table 6-1: Parameters

Parameter	Detail
Operation	Semi-Automatic Automatic
Audible Alerts	Voice Prompt Maintenance Alert
Visible Indicators	Status Indicator Battery Status Indicator Service Indicator Pads Indicator Text Display
Rescue Data Storage	Internal with 60 minutes ECG data with event annotation

Table 6-1: Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Detail			
Dimensions	Height: 3.3 in (8 cm) Width: 10.6 in (27 cm) Depth: 12.4 in (31 cm)			
Weight (Batteries and Pads)	6.6 lb (3.10 kg)			
Operating and Standby Environmental Conditions	Temperature: 32°F to 122°F (0°C to 50°C) Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing) Pressure: 57kPa (+15,000ft) to 103kPa (-500ft)			
Pads	Self-adhesive, disposable defibrillation pads Minimum combined surface area: 35.3 in ² (228 cm ²) Extended length of lead wire: 4.27 ft (1.3 m)			
9146 Lithium Battery Specifications	Output voltage: 12VDC Batteries are non-rechargeable Lithium content: .32 oz (9.2 g) Check local regulations for disposal information Estimated Shelf Life (from date of manufacture): 5 Years Typical Shocks: 290 shocks Note: The battery operating life depends on the type of battery, device settings, actual usage and environmental factors. Battery was tested with a G3 AED device with Standard prompt set and CPR set to 60 seconds.			
Storage and Transport	Configuration	Transport	Storage	Use
	Packaged System (packaging, unit, pads, battery)	5 days at -30°C to +65°C	2 years at 0-50°C (pad life)	N/A
	Unpackaged System without accessories	5 days at -30°C to +65°C	10 years at 0-50°C	N/A
	Unpackaged System with Accessories (batteries and pads)	5 days at -30°C to +65°C	2 years at 0-50°C (pad life)	2 years at 0-50°C (pad life)
	Pads (packaged)	5 days at -30°C to +65°C	2 years at 0-50°C (pad life)	N/A
	Battery (packaged or unpackaged)	5 days at -30°C to +65°C	5 years at 20-30°C	4 years at 0-50°C

Table 6-1: Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Detail
Batteries and Capacitor Charge Times	<p>A new battery, after the AED has delivered 15 300VE shocks, typically takes 10 seconds to charge the AED to maximum energy.</p> <p>A battery with reduced capacity will take longer to charge the AED.</p>
AED Self test Sequence	<p>Daily: Battery, pads, internal electronics, Shock button and software.</p> <p>Weekly: Battery, pads, internal electronics, Shock button, software and partial energy charge cycle.</p> <p>Monthly (every 28 days): Battery under load, pads, internal electronics, full-energy charge cycle, Shock button and software.</p> <p>Open Lid (when lid is opened): Battery, pads, internal electronics, Shock button and software.</p> <p>Close Lid (when lid is closed): Battery, pads, internal electronics, Shock button and software.</p>

Table 6-1: Parameters (continued)


Parameter	Detail
Safety and Performance	<p data-bbox="391 228 511 258">Model 9790</p> <p data-bbox="391 274 921 418">The AED has been designed and manufactured to conform to the highest standards of safety and performance including electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). The 9790 and pads conform to the applicable requirements of the following:</p> <div data-bbox="391 431 529 574" style="text-align: center;">  <p data-bbox="391 521 529 574">C US CSA:</p> </div> <p data-bbox="391 578 942 722">Classified by CSA International with respect to electric shock, fire and mechanical hazards only in accordance with CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60601-1:08, EN60601-1 and EN60601-2-4. Certified to CAN/CSA Standard C22.2 No. 60601-1:08.</p> <p data-bbox="391 743 878 826">Electrical, Construction, Safety and Performance: IEC 60601-1 IEC 60601-2-4</p> <p data-bbox="391 849 770 932">Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC): IEC 60601-1-2 IEC 60601-2-4</p>
Emissions	<p data-bbox="391 948 538 977">CISPR 11-2016</p> <p data-bbox="391 984 953 1011">RTCA DO-160G:2010, Section 20 & Section 21, Category M</p>

Table 6-1: Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Detail
Immunity	<p>EM</p> <p>IEC 61000-4-3, Level X, (20V/m)</p> <p>IEC 60601-2-4 (20V/m)</p> <p>Magnetic</p> <p>IEC 61000-4-8</p> <p>IEC 60601-2-4</p> <p>ESD</p> <p>IEC 61000-4-2</p> <p>IEC 60601-2-4</p> <p>6kV contact discharge, 8KV air gap discharge</p>
Environmental Conditions	<p>Free Fall Drop: 1 metre per 60068-2-31:2009, Environmental testing – Part 2-31: Tests - Test Ec: Rough handling shocks, primarily for equipment-type specimens.</p> <p>Bump: IEC 60068-2-27:2011, Environmental testing – Part 2-27: Tests Ea and guidance: Shock.</p> <p>Vibration (Random): IEC 60068-2-64:2008, Environmental testing – Part 2-64: Tests – Test Fh: Vibration, broadband random and guidance.</p> <p>Vibration (Sine): IEC 60068-2-6:2007, Environmental testing – Part 2-6: Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal).</p> <p>Enclosure Protection: IEC 60529, IP24</p> <p>Vibration (random): RTCA DO-160G:2010, Section 8</p> <p>Airborne use: RTCA DO-160G Sec 8, category U-Airplanes and Helicopters</p>
Shipping and Transportation Conditions	ISTA Procedure 2A

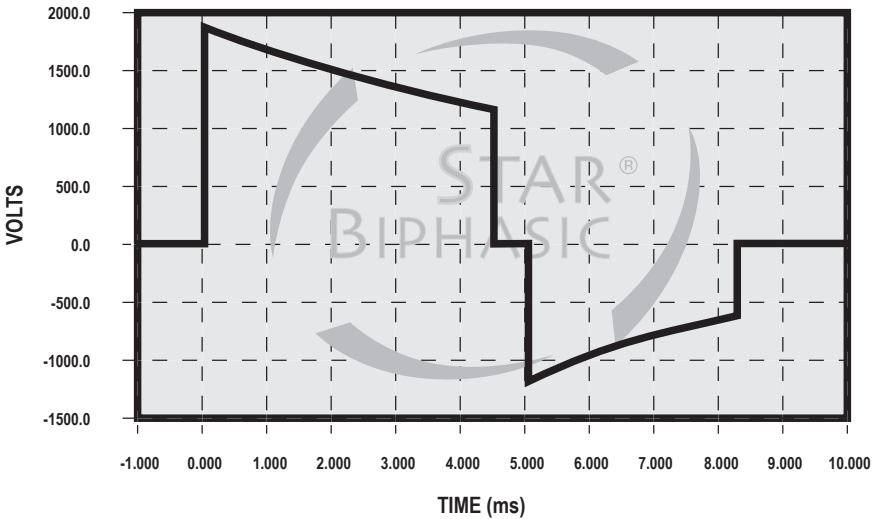
Table 6-1: Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Detail
RHYTHMx® ECG Analysis Performance	<p>The AED RHYTHMx ECG Analysis system analyses the patient's ECG and advises you when the AED detects a shockable or non-shockable rhythm.</p> <p>This system makes it possible for a person, with no training in the interpretation of ECG rhythms, to offer defibrillation therapy to victims of sudden cardiac arrest.</p> <p>With a new battery, after the AED has delivered 15 300VE shocks, the maximum time from beginning rhythm analysis until the AED is ready to shock is 17 seconds.</p>
Cardiac Rhythms Used to Test the Rhythm Recognition Detection System for Powerheart® G3 AEDs	<p>Shockable Rhythm – VF: Meets IEC 60601-2-4 requirement and AHA recommendation of Sensitivity of >90%</p> <p>Automatic External Defibrillators for Public Access Defibrillation: Recommendations for Specifying and Reporting Arrhythmia Analysis Algorithm Performance, Incorporating New Waveforms and Enhancing Safety, AHA AED Task Force and approved by the AHA Science Advisory and Coordinating Committee. Circulation, 1997(95), pp 1677-1682</p> <p>Shockable Rhythm – VT: Meets IEC 60601-2-4 requirement and AHA recommendation of Sensitivity of >75%</p> <p>Non-shockable Rhythm – NSR: Meets IEC 60601-2-4 requirement (>95%) and AHA recommendation (>99%) of Specificity</p> <p>Non-shockable – Asystole: Meets IEC 60601-2-4 requirement and AHA recommendation of Specificity of >95%</p> <p>Non-shockable: Meets IEC 60601-2-4 requirement and AHA recommendation of Specificity – all other rhythms of >95%</p> <p>For detailed information contact Cardiac Science for white papers:</p> <p>P/N 112-2013-005 (Paediatric Defibrillation Instructions for use)</p> <p>P/N 110-0033-001 (RHYTHMx White Paper)</p> <p>P/N MKT-11081-01 (STAR Biphasic White Paper)</p>

Energy values with Cardiac Science pre-installed (adult) electrodes and STAR® biphasic waveform

The waveform generated by the AED is a Biphasic Truncated Exponential waveform. The following is a graph of the waveform voltage as a function of time when the AED is connected to a 50 Ohm resistive load using pre-installed pads.

High Energy Waveform with 50 Ohm Resistive Load — High Variable Energy/50 Ohms



The Biphasic Truncated Exponential (BTE) waveform uses variable energy. The actual energy delivered will vary with the patient's impedance and the device will deliver a shock when impedance is between 25-180 Ohms. Energy will be delivered at three different levels referred to as ultra-low variable energy, low variable energy and high variable energy as shown in the waveform tables on the following pages.

Table 6-2: Ultra-low Variable Energy (150 VE) Powerheart® G3 Waveform

Patient's Impedance (Ohms)	Phase 1			Phase 2			Nominal Energy** (J)
	Current* (A)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Current* (A)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	
25	56	1393	3.3	30	743	3.2	170
50	28	1420	4.5	18	909	3.2	150
75	19	1430	5.8	13	973	3.2	136
100	14	1434	7	10	1007	3.2	127
125	11	1437	8.3	8	1027	3.2	120
150	10	1439	9.5	7	1040	3.2	115
175	8	1441	10.8	6	1049	3.2	111

Table 6-3: Low Variable Energy (200 VE) Powerheart® G3 Waveform

Patient's Impedance (Ohms)	Phase 1			Phase 2			Nominal Energy** (J)
	Current* (A)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Current* (A)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	
25	64	1609	3.3	34	858	3.2	226
50	33	1640	4.5	21	1050	3.2	200
75	22	1651	5.8	15	1124	3.2	182
100	17	1656	7	12	1163	3.2	169
125	13	1660	8.3	9	1186	3.2	160
150	11	1662	9.5	8	1201	3.2	153
175	10	1663	10.8	7	1212	3.2	148

Table 6-4: High Variable Energy Powerheart® G3 Waveform

Patient's Impedance (Ohms)	Phase 1			Phase 2			Nominal Energy** (J)
	Current* (A)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Current* (A)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	
25	75	1869	3.3	40	997	3.2	305
50	38	1906	4.5	24	1220	3.2	270
75	26	1918	5.8	17	1306	3.2	246
100	19	1925	7	14	1351	3.2	229
125	15	1928	8.3	11	1378	3.2	216
150	13	1931	9.5	9	1396	3.2	207
175	11	1933	10.8	8	1408	3.2	200

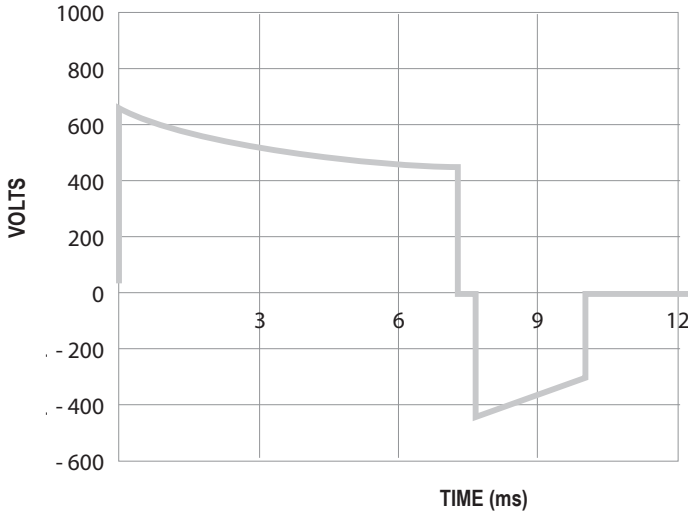
* All values are typical.

**Actual energy delivered +/- 15%.

Attenuated energy values with Cardiac Science paediatric electrodes and STAR[®] biphasic waveform

The waveform generated by the AED is a Biphasic Truncated Exponential waveform. The following is a graph of the waveform voltage as a function of time when the AED is connected to a 50 Ohm resistive load using paediatric pads.

Typical Paediatric Waveform: Low Energy (200 VE) 50 Ohm Patient Impedance



The Biphasic Truncated Exponential (BTE) waveform uses variable energy. The actual energy delivered will vary with the patient's impedance and the device will deliver a shock when impedance is between 25-180 Ohms. Energy will be delivered at three different levels referred to as ultra-low variable energy, low variable energy and high variable energy as shown in the waveform tables on the following pages.

Table 6-5: Initial shock – Ultra Low Energy (150 VE) Powerheart® G3 Paediatric Waveform

Patient's Impedance (Ohms)	Phase 1		Phase 2		
	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Nominal Energy** (J)
25	370	6.1	258	3.2	31
50	550	7.3	366	3.2	36
75	640	8.6	417	3.2	37
100	705	9.8	442	3.2	36
125	770	11.1	453	3.2	35

Table 6-6: Initial shock – Low Energy (200 VE) Powerheart® G3 Paediatric Waveform

Patient's Impedance (Ohms)	Phase 1		Phase 2		
	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Nominal Energy** (J)
25	430	6.1	298	3.2	42
50	630	7.3	422	3.2	50
75	745	8.6	482	3.2	51
100	790	9.8	511	3.2	49
125	855	11.1	524	3.2	47

Table 6-7: Second and Subsequent Shocks – Ultra Low Energy (150 VE) Powerheart® G3 Paediatric Waveform

Patient's Impedance (Ohms)	Phase 1		Phase 2		
	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Nominal Energy** (J)
25	370	5.8	270	3.2	31
50	550	6.5	390	3.2	35
75	640	7.0	470	3.2	34
100	705	7.4	510	3.2	32
125	770	7.8	545	3.2	29

**Table 6-8: Second and subsequent shocks – Low Energy (200 VE)
Powerheart® G3 Paediatric Waveform**

Patient's Impedance (Ohms)	Phase 1		Phase 2		Nominal Energy** (J)
	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	
25	430	5.8	295	3.2	41
50	630	6.5	425	3.2	47
75	745	7.0	510	3.2	46
100	790	7.4	560	3.2	43
125	855	7.8	610	3.2	39

**Table 6-9: Second and subsequent shocks – High Energy (300 VE)
Powerheart® G3 Paediatric Waveform**

Patient's Impedance (Ohms)	Phase 1		Phase 2		Nominal Energy** (J)
	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	Voltage* (Volts)	Duration* (MS)	
25	500	5.8	380	3.2	56
50	700	6.5	520	3.2	63
75	820	7.0	620	3.2	62
100	920	7.4	680	3.2	58
125	960	7.8	720	3.2	53

* All values are typical.

** Actual energy delivered +/- 15%.

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